

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME TWELVE

STONY PLAIN.

ALBERTA.

THURSDAY.

AUG. 27. 1931

Whole Number 570

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for your home is a necessity which
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Fire Insurance. Insure with

George F. Harris,

Representing Only Standard Board Companies.
19 Years Agent in Stony Plain District.



Something New in Punishment.

Bish Gee, a colored boy who was held up for reckless driving not long ago, got a new kind of sentence from the Detroit judge. Detroiters are accustomed to a wide variety of punishments meted out for violations of the traffic laws, but this judge gave Bish something just a little different. Bish was put on six month's probation, with the understanding that each and every month he must have a brake inspection, to satisfy the court as to that safety factor.

Old Plugs Reduce Power.

An auto as it grows older gradually reduces power. The power decrease is so gradual the owner may not appreciate its extent until sluggishness becomes too apparent. This trouble, of course, is not always due to spark plugs, but an interesting test lately recently shows that a motor with plugs that had been used for about 10,000 miles—when run at an engine speed equivalent to 20 m.p.h., developed 31.2 h.p. The same motor run at the same speed equipped with a new set of spark plugs gave a h.p. reading of 33.0, an increase of 6.8.

Pastor and Wife Given Big Reception.

The Rev Henry Hennig and Mrs Hennig, whose parents reside at Golden Spike and Stony Plain, returned up to Mannville last week from their wedding trip. At Mannville they serve a Lutheran congregation.

On their return to Mannville they were given a rousing welcome. Not only that, but after a few days the entire congregation (about 75 in number) came with wagons, cars, buggies, etc., and surprised the newly married couple. It, indeed, was a great surprise, as they did not expect anything of this kind. The event was made still more interesting by the fact that the parents of both parties were present, namely: Mr and Mrs Michael Hennig and Mr and Mrs Philip V Kulak.

The congregation had arranged the surprise party very appropriately. A splendid program was delivered, consisting of speeches, songs and hymns.

A delicious lunch was served. Best wishes was expressed by all. The party was brought to a close about 1 a.m. by the singing of a suitable song.

Bad News for Duck Hunters.

A move is on foot in eastern Canada and the U. S. to have no open season for ducks this Fall, or at most only a very few weeks. The drought in Saskatchewan and to a lesser degree in other provinces, is responsible for this. Ducks arrived in their accustomed breeding places to find their favorite water courses dried up, consequently many reared no brood of ducklings. Only a comparatively few prairie ducks will go south this fall.

Ever since the change in the date of the open season in this province from Sept. 1 to Sept. 15, Alberta duck hunters have felt they were being imposed upon, as in some seasons all the early ducks have gone South, and gone by the Alberta shooters to be easy pickings for duck hunters in the northwestern States before the season here opens and Alberta hunters get a shot at the bluebills, canvasbacks and mallards which have been reared here and fed in our grain fields.

Wheat Pools to Continue.

A joint statement has been issued by the premiers of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba relating to the steps and decisions in the agreement reached between the governments, the banks and Pools. A complete cut off from previous years' operations, adoption of the open market option, initial payment of 35c (plus the Federal subsidy of 5c) and a Central Board to act in a co-ordinating capacity, are the main features of the new policy.

GO TO

HARDWICK'S

And See the Big Bargains in

Dry Goods, and
Boots and Shoes.

Everything You Want or Need.

FRUIT --- Grapes, Oranges, Bananas,
Apples, Plums, Peaches, Tomatoes and Cucumbers.

Get It at HARDWICK'S,

Agents Alberta Dairy Pool Cream.

Stony Plain Pharmacy,

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School Text Books at Government Prices; with
Ample Stocks of Each Item.

GET YOUR BOOKS HERE, AND SAVE TIME.

We have just received Big Shipments of the Full
Line of School Supplies. Every item Your
Boy or Girl requires for School.

BUY WHERE YOUR COMPLETE SCHOOL
NEEDS ARE CARRIED.

Exercise Books, Scribblers, Waterman Pens, Pencils and Ink Parker Pens, Pencils and
Ink Eclipse Pens.

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RADIO and ELECTROLA, \$169.00
Complete with Tubes.

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Phone 41.

Agents for Moyer's School Equipment.

Up-to-Date Car Greaser !

Car Owners can now get a better greasing job on their Cars at the Service Garage than can be obtained elsewhere. The new machine we have installed is high pressure, and insures a thorough greasing to all parts.

Our prices on all Oils is reduced ; by the gallon.

Sommerfield & Mayer, Stony Plain.

54 million packets were sold last year

SALADA

'Fresh from the gardens'

Barriers To Prosperity

A few short years ago—less than fifteen, in fact—all the principal nations in the world were filled in an effort to smash Germany. They had no other alternative and by an almost superhuman effort they succeeded. Today these same nations are engaged in the task, almost as difficult, of trying to rehabilitate Germany and again place it on its feet and re-establish it as one of the great and prosperous nations of the world.

Why this seeming inconsistency? Following the great wars of the past the victors were not over-anxious to see the vanquished quickly restored. Following the close of the Franco-Prussian war, and the imposition of a huge indemnity upon France, when it was found that France was paying up much more rapidly and easily than Germany anticipated would be the case, there was a strong movement in Germany to again attack France and crush her before she regained her strength.

Today the situation is entirely different, and we find the statesmen, bankers, industrial and financial leaders of all the great nations striving with might and main to help Germany out of the difficulties into which her disastrous war experience has plunged her. Even the United States, notwithstanding its traditional policy of isolation, and formerly held belief that it could and should stand aloof from the rest of the world, and that no matter what Europe might do, or how badly it might be afflicted, it was none of Uncle Sam's business and in no wise concerned him,—is now just as keen to assist in the recovery of Germany as are the other nations. And all the nations are ready to make sacrifices to help their former enemy.

Again the question arises? Because, and, as one paper says, it's "old stuff" but we are only now coming to believe it, the truth has been driven home that the well-being of our neighbor, no matter whether he lives in the next block or five thousand miles away, is well-nigh as important to us as our own. The interdependence of all individuals, communities and nations is at last being realized and to some extent understood.

Let us quote the financial editor of a well known Canadian paper: "To destroy or cripple Germany, Austria, China, Chile or any other country or countries is to cripple and impoverish ourselves; when the other members of this world community suffer, we cannot escape suffering ourselves. No fence can be built high enough to keep out this suffering. Ten million would-be workers suffer inside the United States' tariff wall. If foreign trade is essential to our own well-being and prosperity; if we would sell our products to the peoples of other countries we must not make it impossible for them to sell their goods to us. Little Johnny who wants to eat his cake and have it too shows no less sense than the creators of the Hawley-Smoot tariff."

The writer is not going to discuss Canada's tariff policy—that is, unfortunately, a partisan political issue, and party politics are rigidly excluded from this column,—but the larger issue of international trade, and of all tariffs as they affect the ebb and flow of that trade, is a subject which the peoples of all countries will do well to study, discuss and try to understand.

Barriers between nations, and more especially man-made artificial barriers, are an evil, we care not what their nature. No one nation by itself can remove such evil; it can only be done by agreement, by international co-operation and action. For example, no one nation can afford to wipe its navy or its army out of existence while other nations remain armed to the teeth, no matter how much it might like to do so. But it can be done by international agreement.

So we have the Washington Conference for the limitation of naval armaments which has already succeeded in reducing to some extent the huge burden of taxation rendered necessary for the creation and maintenance of navies. Very soon a great world conference is to take place with the object of trying to bring about a general reduction in all armaments. The world is beginning to see and appreciate the necessity for these agreements. If they could only agree to wipe out all armaments whether on the land, on the sea, or in the air, all would be the gainers, and all would be on as near an equal footing as they are today.

So, too, in the matter of economic warfare on each other. If frontiers, in so far as Customs houses are concerned, were wiped out, the world would be the gainer all round, and one of the dire causes of international friction and jealousy would be removed, and with such removal would also go one of the chief reasons why so many nations feel they must have large armies and huge naval establishments.

It is the burden imposed by these barriers, naval, military, economic, that is crushing the world today, handicapping the efforts of all, causing world depression in business with all its attendant evils of unemployment, with a surplus of products in one country and lack of the necessities of life in another, and, as an inescapable result, human suffering, loss and discontent leading to economic and political strife, and ultimately, unless checked and the cause removed, to open rebellion and international war.

'Phone Conversation Recorded

A complete record of long distance telephone conversation may be kept with the aid of a newly invented re-national Telephone & Telegraph Corp. recorder being installed by the Inter-National Telephone & Telegraph Corp. on which the remarks of both parties to the conversation are recorded so they may be reproduced at any time.

The British Army

Latest figures on the British Army shows that it is comprised of 143,183 Englishmen, 7,638 Welshmen, 14,296 Scotchmen, 8,843 Irishmen, 2,535 Colonials and 167 Britons born in the United States. Of this total 125,000 are members of the Church of England, 22,560 are Catholics, 13,000 Presbyterians, 7,619 Methodists, 6,900 Wesleyans, and 123 Jews.

Suffered Severe, Painful Cramps In Her Stomach



These terrible cramps in the stomach that double you up in pain and make you break out in a cold perspiration, may be stopped by a few doses of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Mrs. Lloyd Jones, 204 Argyle St., Halifax, N.S., writes: "I have suffered greatly from severe and painful cramps in my stomach. I tried several remedies without result. One day a friend advised me to take Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so I bought a bottle and got instant relief."

Inferior In Physique

Physician Claims South Africans May Become Physically Degenerate

A recent statement by Dr. C. Louis Leipoldt, a prominent physician of Cape Town, South Africa, to the effect that South Africans were inferior in physique and stamina to other European races, and citing factors which, in his opinion, might breed a race of degenerates, has aroused a good deal of adverse criticism in the Cape, particularly from leading sporting figures. However, Dr. Leipoldt sticks to his guns. In an interview with the Cape Argus, he says:

"My statement was founded on personal examination of more than 100,000 South African young men and boys and on the published statistics of the examination of more than 200,000 South African school children. I made no statement which has not been perfectly well known to the medical profession, the defence force, and the education departments of the Cape."

His critic, who pointed to South Africa's eminence in sport, based their conclusions on the prowess of the select few, and in point of fact there were only a few exceptional athletes. He had dwelt on the effects of malnutrition and the economic conditions of today, factors which were inevitably breeding a race which threatened to become physically degenerate unless they were checked.

Public Building For Ottawa

Construction Of Five Million Dollar Building Is Forecast For Capital

A special despatch from Ottawa, published by the Toronto Globe, foretells the construction of a \$5,000,000 public building in the Dominion capital as one of the undertakings in connection with the federal unemployment relief scheme. The despatch continues:

"In Toronto, Montreal and Vancouver there is projected the construction of three armories, which will cost about \$200,000 each. The armories will be built from money voted in the supplementary estimates this year, but the other buildings will come from the new account given to the minister of finance by parliament."

Many infants are infested by worms which cause great suffering, and if not promptly dealt with may cause constitutional weaknesses difficult to remedy. Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels and will so act upon the system that there will be no recurrence of the trouble. And not only this, but they will repair the injuries to the organs that worms cause and restore them to soundness.

Marched Across Greenland

Achievements Of Young Britons Matches Those Of Hardest

"Explorers"

Three young Britons, members of the H. G. Watkins expedition, have marched across Greenland on the inland ice from Angmagssalik in the north to Ivigtut in the south, matching the achievement of the hardest explorers.

James Scott, Martin Lindsay and Alfred Stephenson, started on July 1 and reached Ivigtut on July 30, travelling on skis by night, for the sun softened the ice cap to a point where daylight travelling was dangerous.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother's Remedies Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

Find Old Artesian Well

The Artesian well which supplied ancient Pompeii with water has been rediscovered among the ancient ruins. Now plans are under way to re-open the well, lay new pipes, and make the garden fountains of old Pompeii flow once more as they did nearly 1,900 years ago, before Vesuvius destroyed the city.

Large Sum Found In Fruit Jars

Three fruit jars were found by Mrs. Ray Cook on her husband's farm near Lake Village, Ind. Opening them, she was surprised to see \$17,150 in Government bonds. They were turned over to authorities, who began an investigation. They believed the bonds were stolen by bank robbers.

W. N. U. 1904

Tourists Visiting Germany

Hamburg's American Line Reports Tourists In Germany Have No Difficulties

Agents may confidently assure their clients that the financial and political situation in Germany does not in any way affect the status of foreign visitors to that country. A number of inquiries received by the German Tourist Information Office, 665 Fifth Avenue, New York, have shown that some travel bureaux have been in doubt as to whether American visitors to Germany have to pay the tax of 100 marks (\$25) which is levied against Germans leaving the Reich, and whether the closing of banks under the rules of the government is causing difficulty in exchanging foreign money into German.

The foreign diplomatic representatives in Berlin after investigating the situation, are advising their countrymen as follows:

The border tax does, of course, not apply to visitors from abroad. It is a measure intended to prevent Germans in Germany from leaving the country just now, which would entail the exchange of German money into foreign currencies, thereby affecting the stability of the German mark. From this fact it is easy to see that there is no possible reason why foreigners who bring money into Germany instead of taking it out, should be included in the measure. Their holdings of foreign money, which they have brought into Germany, are, of course, also entirely unaffected.

Persian Balm creates lovely complexion. Velvety smooth. Cools and relieves the skin. Makes it delightfully soft-textured. Alluringly fragrant. Delightful to use. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues, imparting that elusive charm so distinctive of the dainty woman. Persian Balm protects the delicate skin. Preserves and enhances the loveliest complexion. Every discerning woman should use this silvery lotion. It is unrivaled as a flawless aid to beauty.

Example Not So Good

A new system of memory training was being taught in a village school, and the teacher was becoming enthusiastic.

"For instance," he said, "supposing you want to remember the name of a poet—Bobby Burns. Fix in your mind's eye a picture of a policeman in fumes. See—Bobby Burns?"

"Yes, I see," said a bright pupil. "But how is any one to know it does not represent Robert Browning?"

Farmer: Hi, there! What are you doing up my cherry tree?

Youngster: "There's a notice down there to keep off the grass."

The sun's effect on tides is less than that of the moon because the sun is so far from the earth.



after PLAYTIME

GIVE them a glass of Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk when they come home from school or play. Children love it, and so many a wife mother has discovered, it is highly digestive and favorable for building resistance against disease.

Borden's CHOCOLATE MALTED MILK

Asking For Trouble

Colorado Releasing Five Hundred

In releasing half the population of its state prison, all in one bunch, Colorado is asking for trouble.

Some of the bloodiest riot in prison history, the big house at Canon City is to bid farewell to "au revoir" to between 400 and 500 convicts, who have suddenly come under the benefits of the new law which makes it possible, after the sixth year, to serve a year's sentence in 29 days. The Attorney-General of the State has ruled that the law is retroactive, thus affecting approximately half the prisoners.

They will now go forth, many of them to live down the past, but how many more to engage again in crime? Modern prisons, with all their trills, do not cure the hard-boiled criminal. And a good percentage of the men in this wholesale exodus must be habitual offenders. Colorado is every right to view the prospect with alarm.

A Corrector Of Pulmonary Troubles.

Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in correcting disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes.

Cattle Shipments

Outfitting a number of additional vessels to carry Canadian cattle to the British market, undertaken by various steamship companies, has made possible a greatly increased movement to Great Britain this year. It is expected that from the present time to the close of navigation 18,000 more head will be shipped, bringing the estimated total for the season to over 27,000 head.



Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh—delicious! Para-Sani keeps them from staling.

Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged cartons. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON

LIMITED

ONT.

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Great Strides Have Been Made In Recent Years In Fruit Growing In The Three Prairie Provinces

Canada's prairie West is still known as a new country. This is not surprising, for despite cities and skyscrapers, railways, radio, water-power, telephones, electricity, universities, hospitals, churches, opera houses, packing plants, palatial hotels, factories, motor cars, oil wells, grain crops and live stock, it is not likely for some time yet to be known as anything else.

The reason, of course, is that only within a comparatively recent period have these attributes of civilization come to the Canadian prairies, and to discover all the resources and possibilities of so vast a territory as that which lies between the Great Lakes and the Rockies is a matter for years of study and exploration. For example, there is oil. Calgary had its beginning in 1875 in the establishment on its present site beside the Bow River, in the North West Mounted Police fort, but it is only some seven years since the first great well, Royalty No. 4, was brought in in the now famous Turner Valley, 40 miles away, where there are a dozen or more wells with outputs averaging probably that of the Marvellous No. 4, and the production from Turner Valley approximates annually 100,000 barrels of gasoline and oil. Royalty No. 4 was the first well of commercial consequence to be drilled in any part of the Canadian West.

Even these figures are dwarfed by the estimated oil reserves of the so-called "tar sands" of the Athabasca, which have hardly begun to be exploited—fifty billion barrels according to the calculation of Government engineers and geologists recently made public, the largest known deposit of fuel oil in the world and enough at the present rate of consumption to meet its demands for 500 years. But it is land, not oil, that attracts the first settlers to a new country. Their primary concern is to acquire holdings, a quarter-section, homes, to wrest first livings and ultimately competences from their new-titled fertile acres. Capital follows, providing luxuries and conveniences as settlement gains the means of subsistence and seeking fresh avenues for profitable investment—mines, timber, oil, railways, public utilities. Resources other than the land are uncovered and turned to service in the further development of the country. In time most things of known value have been discovered and utilized and the country is then no longer "young."

The Canadian West has not yet reached that stage in its development when "Time is required even for full acquaintance of what the land itself is capable of producing. Grain and live stock are naturally the first consideration, for these two products with the vegetable garden will afford the settler the chief essentials—wholesome and abundant food. Later he will come to consider other possible products that will lend agreeable variety to his bill of fare and among these is fruit. It has often been assumed that fruit cannot be produced on the prairies. The idea is a mistaken one. Almost any pioneer who has settled along the tree and shrubbery-bordered lakes and streams could certify that in such localities there is annually an abundance of wild fruit. Of this, raspberries, strawberries, gooseberries, black currants, saskatoons, cherries and highbush cranberries are most common. The muskig territory north of the North Saskatchewan produces great crops of a small lowbush cranberry which in the form of sauce and preserves is counted of excellent favour. In the spruce and scrub lands of certain localities immense quantities of succulent blueberries are harvested each year. Sections of Manitoba furnish regular crops of delectable wild red plums.

Pioneer settlers have been content for the most part to make use of these native wild fruits so prodigally provided and domestic production has been generally deferred. But in late years they have been turning to the possibilities in fruit growing on their own lands with gratifying results. The success of Mr. A. F. Stevenson of southern Manitoba, for example, in the production of apples has opened the eyes of others to what may be

accomplished in this field. The Government Experimental Farm at Morden, Manitoba, too, has been growing apples for a number of years and hundreds of boxes from the orchards of Mr. Stevenson and the latter in situation have found their way to market.

North of the Athabasca River, at Athabasca—which is 100 miles north of the Alberta capital, Edmonton—Mr. Gauthier has been growing raspberries successfully for a considerable period. In 1930 he had seven acres in canes. He began with a small patch as an experiment and has since increased his acreage until he now has this large area in the fruit. Not that the field is prolific. Mr. Gauthier's method has been to set out fresh ground as the earlier plantings deteriorated. He finds a ready sale at good prices in the town of Athabasca for all the berries he can produce.

The territory about Lesser Slave Lake is peculiarly adapted to the growing of strawberries, which require plenty of moisture. The land in many places is flat and little above water level, so that strawberry culture in that section has proved a remarkable success, and the district has become locally famous for the production of the fruit. Passengers on the trains of the Northern Alberta Railway are able in season to buy luscious fresh strawberries at the little stations and towns along the line and many cases are disposed of annually over the counters of the departmental stores in Edmonton.

Ten years ago Mr. Herbert Lawrence and his wife started a nursery in the western outskirts of Edmonton overlooking the Saskatchewan. They are now growing successfully plums, crab-apples, currants, cherries, rhubarb of enormous size, and great quantities of asparagus, for which there is a never-falling demand in the city. The plums—of which Mrs. Lawrence last season put up 50 quarts for her own use—are of a dwarf variety, but of exceptional flavour. The main part of their income is derived from the nursery stock—trees, shrubs, flowering plants, rhubarb and asparagus—but they sell each year \$6000 worth of various fruits. No winter protection is given by the Lawrences to any of their stock and little if any is ever watered by the proprietors of Buena Vista Gardens.

A member of the staff of Saskatchewan University in a recent talk to a Saskatoon convention stated that plenty of fine fruit for home consumption, including strawberries, raspberries, currants, cherries, plums and crabs, might be grown on the farms of the province provided shelter, proper selection of varieties and

methods of planting, care and cultivation were followed. At Lethbridge and Medicine Hat considerable success has attended experiments in apple-growing.

Strawberries, raspberries, currants—black, red and white—native cherries, plums and crab-apples are now to be found in many gardens of Saskatchewan and the other Prairie Provinces, and it is not unreasonable to assume that before many more years they will be growing a large proportion of the fruit consumed in that territory—W. B. Cameron in Agricultural and Industrial Progress in Canada.

Peace River Country

Destined To Become Great Agricultural District, Says English Visitor

The Peace River country is destined to become one of the greatest developments agriculturally and commercially which the world has ever known was the statement made by the late Henry Harper, daughter of Emily Harper, of Banbury, England, during the course of an address to the members of the welfare committee of the Montreal Women's Club recently.

Miss Harper, who is on her fourth visit to Canada, serves in an honorary capacity as councillor of the Society for the Oversea Settlement of British Women. Her visits to the outlying parts of this country are all made at her own expense.

Miss Harper believes that with a short line of railway from the valley of the Peace to the Pacific Coast and the return of normal economic conditions the Peace River country will be the mecca of settlers.

There was a great need, however, for doctors and nurses, she said, and one of the human problems was that of saving the mothers.

In addition to its farming facilities and its great beauty, Miss Harper pointed out that the Peace River district had such a wealth of coal, and oil that its canyon had been called a future Pittsburgh.

Future settlers would do well to take less acreage than those who settled the 3,000 family scheme, Miss Harper said. She advocated a maximum loan of \$2,700 being set instead of the former loan, which ranged from \$3,900 to \$5,000. A payment of \$290 to \$400 yearly is required on the latter, she said, and while people are breaking land it is impossible for them to spare these amounts.

Not His Move

He moved all obstacles out of his way to meet her.

He said he would move heaven and earth to marry her.

He so moved her that she consented.

He made the estate-agents move in his search for a house.

Now he won't even move the piano!

Negotiations Are Under Way For A Trade Treaty Between Canada And South Africa

Farmers Should Not Burn Straw Stacks

May Be Required For Feed In Drought Areas

"Without first ascertaining whether they are going to be needed either for shipment to the drought areas or for use on the farms where the feed is grown, straw stacks should not be burned this year," Hon. W. C. Buckle, Minister of Agriculture, declared recently.

Referring to the general situation, the Minister said: "It may prove necessary to ship horses into districts where there is a surplus of feed in order that they may winter at a small cost to their owners and be shipped back in the spring. Under climatic conditions such as obtain in western Canada, it is good business to carry over a surplus of fodder from year to year and the experience of the last three years should teach us to be careful about burning up fodder which may prove to be very useful before another crop is harvested."

Under the government-assisted scheme of moving cattle from dry areas where fodder shortage exists to districts where pasturage is available, a total of 157 carloads had been moved to August 12, the minister stated. Approximately 2,000 head of cattle, 1,500 horses and 500 sheep had been moved to pasturage at that date.

Eskimos In Good Condition

Word Brought From Baffin Land By Hudson's Bay Factor

Eskimos in Baffin Land are all in good condition with plenty of game and fish for their subsistence, stated Ralph Jardine, Hudson's Bay Company Factor at Amadjuak, South Baffin Land, who was a recent visitor in the Pas.

Mr. Jardine, whose home is in St. John's, Newfoundland, is on his way out for an extended vacation after spending the past three years on duty at Amadjuak. He boarded the Hudson's Bay steamer "Ungava" when it called at the post in the course of its annual tour with supplies for posts on the northern rim of Canada, disembarked at Churchill and there took the train for the Pas.

Worked Both Ways

Hubby found some holes in his stockings.

"You haven't mended these?" he said to his wife.

"Did you buy that coat you promised me?" she asked.

"No-no."

"Well, if you don't give a wrap, I don't give a darn."

Negotiations are under way for a trade treaty between Canada and South Africa, while the friendliest relations are being maintained with New Zealand, with the expectation that they will lead to a mutually satisfactory agreement, Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, stated recently.

He expressed the opinion that while high wheat prices were not likely within the next few years, it was probable that in eight or ten months there would be a material recovery in prices.

"After studying with the utmost care for the past year and a half the progress of Russia, which in some respects is spectacular," Mr. Stevens said, "I am convinced that the normal laws of trade and principles of supply and demand will exercise a control over the Russian system of trade experiment, and that the apprehension that existed a year ago as to the formidable character of Russian competition is greatly lessened."

Turning to wheat, the minister expressed the opinion that increased prices for grain would come in a short time.

"The wheat situation at the present time is indeed depressing," he commented, "but the abnormal production of the past one or two years has been substantially over-taken, and while there is still an abundance of wheat in the western provinces, supplies are little more than essential for a normal balance of safety. While it is unlikely that we will see high prices for wheat in the next few years, it is probable that in eight or ten months there will be a material recovery in wheat prices. In the meantime there must be an adjustment of living conditions. Many farmers are taking up cattle raising and engaging in other branches of agriculture is great, with benefit to themselves and the industry as a whole."

Turning to unemployment, Mr. Stevens remarked that "while undoubtedly the matter is one of considerable seriousness, I am inclined to the view that undue contemplation of the problem has given it a magnitude beyond what it is in reality."

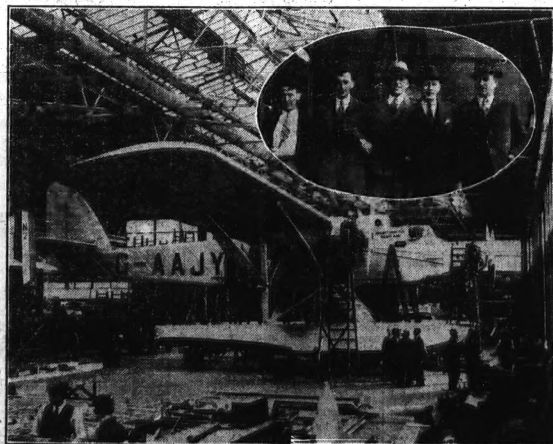
"The plan upon which we are working in shaping present conditions, in dealing with unemployment, is for the providing for every man honestly willing to do a fair share of toil, food, shelter and a reasonable wage. This does not mean that individuals will be able to pick and choose jobs to their liking, for we are honestly trying to meet a situation in the best interests of everyone concerned. In our program it should be remembered that what governments are doing is to provide relief—not permanent employment."

"We are planning to prepare Canada for the earliest possible recovery from this period of depression. There is no question in my mind that Canada has an exceptionally bright future," he said. "This opinion is not based on empty opinions, but upon very sound economic factors. We are making very substantial progress in shaping permanent trade connections. The aim of the government is to build up our external trade on sound foundations with an eye on future developments and expansion. The Australian treaty trade with the line and we propose to follow with a view to extending our inter-empire trade. In addition, Canada's geographic position, to which must be added the gradual but definite improvement of conditions in the Orient, offers to Canadians an opportunity unexcelled by those enjoyed by any other people."



Hunter: "Why are you following me? The time of my life is over. Wife: 'You want to try what you catch.'—El Traveso, Rome.

SIR ALAN TRIES OUT POSSIBILITIES OF GIANT SEAPLANE



Sir Alan Cobham, one of England's greatest aviators, who is credited with having done more to systematize commercial passenger air services than any other aviator, has just left England on a 7,000-mile flight to Africa, to try out the possibilities of the biggest fast seaplane in the world as a commercial long-distance passenger plane. The main picture above shows the giant Short "Valenta" seaplane, weighing ten tons, receiving its last overhauling before commencing the long drive. Inset shows Sir Alan Cobham (extreme right), with some of the people responsible for the design and construction of the machine.

SHE WORRIED ABOUT HER WEIGHT

"I started taking Kruschen Salts a month ago. I have lost 25 pounds in weight, and I feel as if I have lost 50 lbs. I am full of vigor, whereas before I was worried about my condition, as I was listless and worried over little things. But I am thankful to say that, were my troubles doubled, they would not worry me today—thanks to Kruschen."—Miss V. P. Here's the recipe that banishes fat—take one-half teaspoon of Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water before breakfast.

Be sure and do this every morning, for "It's the daily dose that takes off the fat."—Don't miss a morning. Kruschen daily means that every particle of poisonous waste matter and harmful acids and gases are expelled from the system.

Modify your diet, and take gentle exercise. The stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are tuned up, and the pure, fresh blood containing these salts is carried to every part of the body, and this is followed by that Kruschen feeling" of energetic health and activity that is reflected in bright eyes, clear skin, cheerful vivacity and charming figure.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

More than 26,000 bicycles were manufactured in Canada during the year 1930.

Establishment of an experimental farm near Fort William is planned by the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

After years of private ownership one of Britain's most beautiful parks, the Royal Botanical Gardens, is to become public property.

General Cyrulque Cyrien Gillian, head of the Belgian headquarters staff of the Yser during the world war, is dead, aged 74.

Four bushels of oats were "swapped" by a farmer at Tiffin, Ohio, for a shave and haircut, worth 75 cents. The farmer still owes the barber three cents.

Seven new aeroplanes built in Russia, with funds furnished by public subscription are to be added to the Soviet Air Force, the war commissariat has announced.

The autumn manoeuvres of the Austrian army have been cancelled for this year in the interest of economy, it was announced in an official communication issued recently.

F. C. Hall, backer of the Post-Gazette record flight around the globe, says he is studying navigation and plans to fly the Pacific westward next year. A pilot, Hall said, has not been selected.

Fifty-five million acres had been sown to spring wheat in Russia up to June 1, according to reports received by the British Ministry of Agriculture. Operations are reported to be backward in Siberia.

James Birse, 27, of Valois, a suburb of Montreal, better known as Jimmy Britt, one-time flyweight boxing champion of Canada, was killed on the Quebec highway near the capital, when his automobile overturned from the road and turned over in a ditch.

Figures received in Saskatoon from an authoritative source, indicate that the official 1931 census return will give the city's population as about 42,000, an increase of 67 per cent. over the 1921 census, and 36 per cent. over the total given in the prairie census of 1926.

New Experimental Farm Establishment of an experimental farm near Fort William is planned by the provincial department of agriculture.



"I am going to suggest that we have a little statue in this park; for instance, a statue of love."

"In that case we need only put a seat."—Pages Gates, Yverdon.

W. N. O. 1904

Cancer Research

Commission Finds That Important Progress Has Been Made

"We found that the best results in cancer treatment were being obtained where surgical, X-ray and radium treatment were being combined, and we also found that remarkable steps have been made in cancer research," said Dr. W. T. Connell, who has just returned from Europe, where he was studying the cancer question with the Ontario cancer commission, appointed by the government of Ontario. A comprehensive survey of the cancer question and the treatments being used was made by the commission in both the United States and Europe.

"What the commission saw is most encouraging," said Dr. Connell. "We found from our investigations that where an organized movement was made to secure for the patient the three methods of treatment, surgical, X-ray and radium, the best results were secured, and the highest percentage of recoveries was recorded."

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



TAILORED CHIFFON FROCK MAKES IT DEBUT

It has the straight slim lines that most women of average figure have proved by experience become them. The shawl collar is another slimming point. And it's as smart and dainty made of batiste, sheer linen or organdy. And it may be of bias banding bought by the yard all ready to attach in the neckwear departments. However, the pattern provides for same, for some may prefer to have the collar made of self-fabric.

Navy blue chiffon with the dots in white with a dash of green is medium sketched. The belt is blue grosgrain ribbon, and the collar crisp white organdy. It's a splendid dress for town or for travel.

Style No. 425 may be had in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inch bust.

Sub crepe silk in pastels or white, jersey, cotton mesh, shantung and linens are other ideal fabrics for its development.

Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yds. 39-inch, with 4 yard 36-inch contrasting, and 1 1/2 yards ribbon.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

Town

Best for You and Baby too When Granny was young she used:

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Then as Now—the leading Canadian Soap for Toilet and Nursery.

25c. in individual cartons 25c. ALBERT SCARLE LTD. MONTREAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 30

THE MISSION TO CYPRUS

Golden Text: "I am not ashamed of the gospel; for it is the power of God unto salvation to everyone that believeth."—Romans 1:16.

Lesson: Acts 12:25 to 13:12.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 42:6-10.

Explanations and Comments

The Return To Antioch From Jerusalem, 12:25.—Barnabas and Paul had been to Jerusalem, bring money from the church at Antioch to the brethren there who were suffering from famine, and their return John Mark was with them, probably as their attendant.

The Leaders At Antioch, 13:1.—In the flourishing church at Antioch there were numerous prophets and teachers, men of special inspiration. Among these was the energetic and lovable Barnabas of Cyprus. Others included Symeon the Black—doubtless African; Lucius of Cyrene (the province in North Africa lying next to Egypt), who perhaps was one of the Syrian evangelists who established this church at Antioch (Acts 13:1); and another—probably a Hebrew Menahem (2 Kings 15:14)—who was the "father-brother" of Herod the Tetrarch. Herod Antipas, son of Herod the Great, and was seemingly a person of some social importance, and, finally, Paul of Tarsus. Apparently the historian meant Paul's place, at the end of the list, to be emphatic, just as was Barnabas at the beginning of the roll. These five leaders of the Antiochian church were evidently Grecian Jews.

The First Foreign Missionaries Chosen and Ordained, 13:2, 3.—While the church, under the leadership of these men, was carrying on its services of worship, prayer and fasting, an advance movement was initiated under the direction of God. It was probable that the prayer of the church was "awaiting upon God for special guidance on a matter already occupying their thought; this matter was surely the question of a forward movement into the Roman Empire." Paul and Barnabas, indeed, may have been thinking of this question, when they had brought with them from Jerusalem John Mark.

Whenever and wherever men and women are untidily spiritual, prayerful, self-denying, carefully taught in doctrine, truth and waiting upon the Spirit of God for His guidance in a matter of profound importance to His work, then and there the scene is laid for a mighty Christian enterprise to have its auspicious beginning or to advance its mission.

The First Foreign Missionary Work in Cyprus, 13:4, 5.—Under orders of their Commander-in-Chief, "being sent forth by the Spirit"—Barnabas and Paul set out on their forward movement into the Gentile world. They went down the River Orontes to Seleucia, the seaport of Antioch, and thence sailed for the island of Cyprus in the Mediterranean Sea.

"Historically this is the precise moment at which the foreign missionary enterprise actually began. The fact that we are Christians ourselves, dates back to that obedience of those men in that little ship. They took the little tree of Christianity and transplanted it from the cramping flower-pot of Judaism into the soil of humanity of the whole world. It is apparently tiny act which, in simple fact, when looked at down the perspective of the centuries, is seen to have changed the history of the world."—Basil Matthews.

The First Baptism—Paul and Barnabas met the proconsul, Sergius Paulus, a man of understanding, and with him a sorcerer, a Jew named Barjesus, or Elymas, as he was called in Greek. It is interesting that a Roman inscription has been found in which Sergius Paulus is expressly named as holding the office of proconsul. We know that magicians of all kinds were favourably received in Roman society, and it is in no way remarkable that one of these should have gained an influence with the proconsul.

To Launch Jewish Organization

Formation of a National party is planned by Jewish organizations in Canada. An effort to blend Jewish, social and political organizations into a party of national scope and influence will be launched at a mass meeting in Toronto this fall. Delegates from organizations in Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg and other Canadian cities are expected to attend.



Husband: "Confound it, you know trade is bad and money scarce and yet you bring home more mouths to feed."—From Passing Show, London.

Educational Films

Talkies Introduced To Students At Summer School

The "canned professor" has been introduced to the students of the summer school of Washington University in St. Louis. In a darkened hall, he appeared on the screen. With him were the charts used in his lecture. He pointed to them as he talked. Here was an educational talkie in literal sense. Given the "canned professor," the syndicated professor may follow. One man may appear simultaneously at 1,000 summer schools. The possibilities are limitless. For example, with the chain grocery store we may yet have the chain college, "canned professors" appearing on the silver sheet as they appeared before the camera at the central lecture room of the chain—Boston Transcript.

Takes Up Chinese Singing

Chinese opera singing is the latest hobby of China's deposed emperor. The "son of Heaven" has engaged a voice teacher from Peking, purchased Chinese musical instruments and stage trappings, and is practising the strange Oriental scales which Mei Lanfang has used with such skill that his fame has become world-wide.

Grower Receives Bounty

Tenant Farmer Will Receive the Full Five Cent Bonus

Farmers who grow wheat on land leased on a crop share basis will receive the Federal five-cent-bushel bonus on wheat in exactly the same manner as actual owner producers. Promise of this was contained in a letter received at Saskatoon by Dr. William Allen, of the farm management department at the university, from Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

The Federal Minister of Agriculture was answering a query as to whether the tenant farmer would receive the full five cents or only a part of the bounty, with a share going towards the owner of the land. He said the government intended to make certain the actual grower received the bounty.

Old Resident Dead

Winnipeg's oldest resident, Mrs. Mary Roberts, 94, is dead. She had lived there for 87 years, going to Old Fort Garry when she said there were "hardly any white people there—just Indians and the Hudson's Bay folks." She was the mother of 13 children, one of whom fought in the Riel Rebellion.

The ADVENTURES OF CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTY

WHAT CAME BEFORE: Captain Jimmy bargained with General Lu to fly to Japan in exchange for help in fitting up with his plane to rescue Little Stone's brother Guy from the bandits. He is about to start on his long trip across the Chinese Sea.

General Lu sent for us in his plane. He wanted to start at once. He would add out his position as General for a huge sum of money, which had just arrived, and he was anxious to go off before any of his officers found out and made him divide up his wealth.

The following night we hid Guy and Jed Stone, goodby, and began our trip under cover of darkness. Six hundred miles or more across the Chinese Sea was no joke. Many bad storms and typhoons sweep the waters and have seen fog make flying dangerous.

Once off the ground I could see we were in for it. The air was just full of dark, swirling clouds. The darkness and fog seemed to creep up on us down the water. Long curling waves with sharp white crests made any chance of survival impossible, should we be forced down.

Hour after hour we went along, steering by the instruments. A cold wet drizzle beat through the cockpit. We wrapped a blanket around Scottie, but the poor little chap still shivered. The past few days had been strenuous, and we were about to drop. I was likely to drop for the next thing I knew I was being thrown about.

Right under our wheels the waves lapped hungrily. I noted the plane up and down, and then it was empty tanks. Flying against the wind was impossible. We might have enough for another fifty miles.

I strained my eyes to see a large black object through the mist. Then a rocky headland emerged from the fog on our left.

Carefully I banked the plane and neared the rocky headland. At its foot the water was white with foam. I dove into white fury. Gradually the cliff descended within fifty feet of the water. Surely there must be a sand beach somewhere.

I imagine my despair when the cliff began to rise again and ended in a steep crease without a single inch of sandy beach. Soon we circled the island, and it was simply a tremendous volcanic rock with nothing, high sides.

Suddenly we noticed a line of white breakers a mile or two away. The water followed it—two miles, four miles, six—seemed shallow. At last a chance! Our gasoline was almost gone. When right below appeared the nicest sand beach you ever saw, sloping gradually up to a little island.

Like a great many beaches, this one looked much harder and smoother than it really was. With the motor cut out we hit, rolled a few feet in the soft sand, and then the plane went over on her nose. During all this time General Lu was sitting in the cockpit. Never an argument he sat quietly and calmly waiting for what might happen.

Soon we kindled a roaring fire from drift-wood, and General Lu gave us some preserves.

To our surprise General Lu began to talk. He said he had taken off one suit after another. He had taken off his last suit. He remembered that the Chinese had a way of putting their suits and shoes in a box. He had found plenty of suits so why not have them?

Meanwhile, the question of food and shelter was pressing. We set out to search without delay.

NOTE: Any of our young readers writing to "Captain Jimmy" 3808 Star Building—Winnipeg will receive signed photo of Captain Jimmy, free.

Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk
The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups. Found and half pound tins at your grocers

DEBT REVISION IS URGED BY BANKING GROUP

Basel, Switzerland.—After startling the world with a declaration advocating the revision of reparations and war debts, the Wiggan Committee of International Bankers waited expectantly to see what Great Britain, the United States and other great powers are going to do about it.

Backed by the prestige of the ten strongest banking groups in the world, the Wiggan investigators, in a report made public, declared that to bring full and immediate relief to Germany and other gravely distressed nations it will be essential to make a new deal in the schedules of international payments.

This eventually, however, was frankly asserted to be bound up with the necessity of clearing up the political disputes of Germany and her neighbors.

After an examination of Germany's financial situation the bankers put the question up to the governments and called on them for action. Only action by the powers along these lines can restore economic prosperity to the troubled world, the financial experts stated.

Two immediate possibilities loom up. Will the governments, taking up the bankers' challenge, immediately summon a diplomatic conference to tackle reparations problems? or will they call on a banking commission—Mr. Wiggan's or a new one—to advise them as to the next practical step?

The eyes of observers here are turned to Washington and to Paris to discover the diplomatic reaction to the bankers' proposal.

Participation by both these governments in any movement for revision is clearly indispensable, it is pointed out, since the United States is the receiver of debt payments and France the chief goal of reparations.

To Check Grasshopper Plague

Measures Must Be Taken Now To Prevent Invasion Next Year

Winnipeg, Man.—Farmers of Canada and the United States are being urged to co-operate to check a threatened grasshopper plague. In 1932, using man-made devices to destroy the millions of eggs. A rainy season would keep down the pests to normal numbers, it is asserted, but preventive work is advocated.

Two methods have been suggested. One is to plough the land this autumn so deep that eggs now being laid in the ground will not hatch. The other is to cultivate the surface of the ground late in the fall so as to expose and destroy the eggs.

Eggs are now being laid in millions upon millions, experts state. Almost the entire area today from the Rockies to the Great Lakes and from the North Saskatchewan River to the prairies of the southwest has become fertile breeding ground for hoppers and locusts. In some country districts this year visitation of the insects has been so heavy that they have plugged up radiators of motor cars driving through.

Meeting Of Scientists

Gen. Smuts Will Open Century Meeting In London

London, England.—General Jan Christian Smuts is now on his way from South Africa to England to assume the honorable role of president of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, and to open the centenary meeting at the Albert Hall towards the end of September. On the evening of Sept. 23, General Smuts will deliver the presidential address, taking as his subject "The Scientific World of Today."

Taking Holiday Trip

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. E. B. Ryckman, Minister of National Revenue, has called for Europe on the steamer, "Empress of Britain." Mr. Ryckman is taking a holiday trip which has nothing to do with the business of the department, it is stated.

Nearly 10,000 cheeses from Austria were displayed in London recently.

W. N. U. 1904

Duties On Magazines

New Regulations Governing Revised Duties Are Announced

Ottawa, Ont.—Regulations governing the revised duties against foreign newspapers, magazines and periodicals entering Canada are issued by the Department of National Revenue. They will become effective September 1, except the 15 cent duty against week-end newspapers, which will not come into force until regularly proclaimed by the government.

It was set forth in the regulations that the higher duties will not become effective until April 1, 1932, against Canadians who had subscribed to foreign magazines or periodicals before June 2, 1931. This delayed action will mean seven months' grace to bona fide subscribers of the latter date.

The effect of the duties and the regulations was to segregate magazines and periodicals. Daily newspapers will continue to enter this country free of duty. Magazines with an advertising content ranging between 20 and 30 per cent of the total space will pay a duty of two cents a copy. When the advertising content exceeds 30 per cent the tariff will be five cents a copy.

Magazines in which the advertising content does not exceed 20 per cent of the total space or those in the interests of religion, education, science, agriculture, labour or fraternal organizations, will bear no duty.

Will Greet Canadian Party At Churchill

Hobo "King" Appoints Himself Reception Committee Of One

Hudson Bay Junction.—Joseph Leon Cohen Lazarowitz, "King of the Hobos," is on his way to Churchill to greet the Canadian Chamber of Commerce tour party there next month. He has appointed himself a special reception committee of one. Lazarowitz passed through here on his way north. With him he is carrying a scrap book containing post office or railway stamps of the thousands of points he has visited in his 11 years on the road. The "King" also makes a point of calling on distinguished men and boasts that Premier R. B. Bennett once gave him a dollar.

Fodder Requirements

Southern Drought Areas Of Saskatchewan To Be Supplied

Regina, Sask.—The fodder requirements of the southern drought areas of Saskatchewan probably will be met by the early cutting of grain crops in the north, P. H. Auld, deputy minister of agriculture, stated here.

Already a group of inspectors is in the north inspecting the crops that have been offered to the department for this purpose, Mr. Auld said, and it is believed that the schedule of prices laid down by the department of agriculture for the purchase of feed and fodder will make it possible for northern farmers to cut their crops as hay, instead of harvesting them in the usual way.

Lloyd George Recovering

Is Recuperating On Model Farm In Surrey Hills, England

London, England.—Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, who recently underwent an operation, has sufficiently recovered to go from his London home at Addison Road to his country house at Churst in the Surrey Hills.

On his model farm, among his cows, sheep, gardens and orchard, the former prime minister will recuperate until he is able to visit his old home in Wales.

Lloyd George is the only British political leader not actively participating in the present negotiations dealing with the British financial crisis. Sir Herbert Samuel is serving for him as chief of the Liberal party.

Provinces Must Choose Route

Calgary, Alberta.—Replying to criticism connected with his interview in which he gave an outline of the trans-Canada highway proposed route Premier Bennett says: "It is entirely up to the various provinces to definitely set the route. The provinces must say 'how, when and where' and we will aid in the building," he concluded.

SECRETARY FOR BIG CONFERENCE



Mr. J. R. Griffin, Organizing Secretary of the British Legion, London, England, who will be Secretary to the Conference of the British Empire Service League, to be held in Toronto, September 3rd to 7th.

King's Prize Winner

Sgt. Fulton, Crack Shot Of British Empire, Visits Brother In Manitoba

Rapid City, Man.—Winner of this year's king's prize at Bixley, Sgt. A. G. Fulton is striving to win his spurs as a Canadian prairie farmer at the home of his only brother, four miles east of here. Crack shot of the British Empire, the tall, military appearing Fulton is spending his farm vacation aboard a binder, reaping the west's golden harvest.

It is Sgt. Fulton's second visit to Canada from his home in Bixley, England, where he has three times captured the coveted king's prize. His brother, Harold E. Fulton, will have the famous rifleman as guest for two weeks. Sgt. Fulton arrived from Ottawa on Tuesday, August 18, following the Dominion Rifle Association meeting at Connaught Ranges, where he aided the English team in the competition.

Farm Wages

Offers Made By Saskatchewan Farmers Have Few Takers

Regina, Sask.—Farmers in Saskatchewan are offering from board alone up to board and \$15 monthly in wages for help with very few takers, so far, according to a bulletin issued by provincial department of railways, labor and industries. The bulletin states that publicity being given pending relief works is responsible for this condition, unemployed men preferring to wait for the latter before taking farm work.

GRACEFUL SURRENDER OF COVETED TROPHY



Mrs. George Wightman (left) captain of the U.S. Wightman Cup Team, is shown receiving the congratulations due the victor from Mrs. Shepherd, captain of the defeated English team, after the American tennis stars had recovered the trophy won a year ago by the Britons. The matches were played at Forest Hills, L.I. The cup is shown in the background.

Ready For Test Shipment

All Facilities At Churchill In Readiness For Grain Hauls

The Pas, Man.—Except for the final touches, Churchill today is ready to handle the 600,000 bushel test shipment of grain that will pass through The Pas starting September 4. C. S. Gieswald, chief engineer of the construction department of the Canadian National Railways, announced Wednesday, August 19, upon his return from an inspection at Churchill. The most modern elevator on the continent will find no difficulty in handling the grain, the C.N.R. executive declared. The 500 cars of grain will be unloaded from the tracks at the rate of one every two minutes. Three special locomotives will be brought in to aid in bringing the grain from there to the new bay port, 512 miles north of here. All the grain is being brought from the pool elevator at Saskatoon.

All grain will be stored in the 2,500,000 bushel elevator by September 15. The two tramp steamers will dock at Churchill between September 15 and September 20. There will be no other boats engaged in shipping the grain from Churchill.

All the docking facilities are not completed and only one boat can be loaded at a time, although the dockage provides for two ships. The bay line is in first class condition for the haul. Welsh coal is the principal cargo being brought into Churchill by the two tramp steamers engaged in the hauling.

Delegates Leave For Geneva

Canadian Representatives On Way To Attend League Meeting

Ottawa, Ont.—Headed by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, Canada's delegates to the 12th assembly of the League of Nations, meeting in Geneva, September 7, sailed August 19, from Montreal on the "Empress of Britain." With Mr. Guthrie will be Hon. Martin Burrell, Ottawa, Mrs. H. P. Plumptre, Toronto, and Senator C. P. Beaubien, Montreal.

Arriving at Cherbourg, the four delegates will be joined in Paris by Hon. Philippe Roy, Canadian Minister to France, who with Dr. W. A. Riddell, Canadian advisory officer accredited to the league at Geneva, complete the Canadian representation.

Noted Speed Pilot Drowned

Calshot, England.—Lieutenant G. L. Brinton, British Schneider Cup speed pilot, was drowned here, when his crack 8-0 plane, one of the ships which set records in the Schneider Cup races in 1929, plunged into the sea. Lieutenant Brinton was imprisoned in the cockpit and drowned before he could be released.

ASK GOVERNMENT TO BEAR LARGER SHARE OF RELIEF

Calgary, Alberta.—Requests for alterations in the payment of costs of unemployment relief projects, as affecting the Dominion, Provincial, and Municipal Governments, were made by Alberta representatives at conferences here. Prime Minister R. B. Bennett here. Efforts of Calgary's representatives were aimed at having the Provincial and Federal Governments bear the greater part of the costs.

Mayor Davidson, of Calgary, asked that the Provincial and Federal Governments bear 75 per cent. of the costs, with the municipalities paying the balance. He pointed out that should be done for the winter of 1931-32 as last year the municipalities paid 50 per cent. and the Provincial and Federal Governments 25 per cent. each.

He estimated that 10,000 work would be required to be carried out this winter because of the increased number of unemployed. Calgary is planning a \$50,000 relief program, while Edmonton is considering works costing in excess of \$100,000.

It was anticipated by delegates attending the sessions that if the Calgary suggestion of pro-rating costs were adopted, the same policy would have to be put into effect at all other provinces in the Dominion.

Attending the sessions, besides the Prime Minister, Premier Brownlee and Mayor Davidson, were Hon. George Howland, Provincial Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, O. L. McPherson, Provincial Minister of Public Works; Hon. R. G. Reid, Provincial Treasurer; Dr. G. D. Stanley, M.P., East Calgary; A. U. G. Bury, M.P., East Edmonton; Mayor J. M. Douglas, Edmonton; Mayor R. Barron, Lethbridge, and the mayors of Medicine Hat, Red Deer, Wetaskiwin, Camrose and Drumheller.

Relief Takers Must Work

Unemployed Who Turn Down Jobs Will Receive No Consideration

Ottawa, Ont.—Unemployed men who turn down any offer of work will receive no further consideration from the Provincial or Federal Governments, Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labour, announced.

Senator Robertson said: "It and when men are known definitely to have declined employment, the Provincial and Federal Governments may feel properly their obligations have been discharged. Men who refuse employment which would provide them with safe surroundings, wholesome food, shelter and a modest compensation will not merit further sympathy or consideration by the state."

'Planes Return To Moncton

Pilots In Air Pageant Give Farewell Festival In Quebec

Quebec.—Having inaugurated the Sea Island Airport in Vancouver, B.C., staged "air shows" in prairie cities and demonstrated flying prowess in Ontario and Quebec, the Trans-Canada Air Pageant made its farewell bow to central Canada with a festival in the old capital on August 19, after which the gallant band of airmen and their machines took off for Moncton, N.B., the starting point of a flight through the maritimes.

Almost 10,000 people viewed the exhibition of stunt flying.

Shows Substantial Balance

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had a credit balance of \$168,000,000 from the tourist industry in 1930. That figure represented the difference between the money spent abroad by travelling Canadians and what was distributed in Canada by residents of United States, Great Britain and the other nations of the world who toured Canada. In the previous year, Canada had a credit balance from this industry of approximately \$188,000,000.

Depends Upon Survey

Copenhagen, Denmark.—A future Arctic air route between America and Europe depends on a geographical and meteorological survey of Greenland, said members of the British East Greenland Expedition, who arrived from Scoresby Sound after 13 months on the Greenland icecap.

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Through its FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS courses leading to the degrees of B.S.A. and B.H.Sc. (Hons.).

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For terms of admission, details of courses and other information, apply to

W. J. SPENCE, Registrar,
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.

THE DUSTY
HIGHWAY

BY
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER

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CHAPTER XXVIII

On the day that Nick arrived in Bakererville, John Maxwell was at the train to meet him; yet the first familiar face Nick saw was that of old Sam Tod, the baggage man, who had known him since childhood, and who gripped his hand with a hearty: "Glad to see you back, boy. Thought for a while you were in a watery grave."

"Not yet," said Nick, and laughed; but, even as he turned to meet John Maxwell's welcoming smile, it struck him as strange that old Tod had not joined in the laugh. Tod was a provincial joker, but there was something unusual in his eyes today; a look that seemed not wholly glad for Nick, but—sorry; and the same quality was in John Maxwell's smile. It was distinctly a smile with reservations—the sort of smile that sometimes precedes the telling of bad news. It brought a chill to Nick's heart—dimmed the sunshine—filled him with foreboding; yet he did not speak till he was in the Maxwell automobile. Then he went straight to the point.

"What's wrong, Mr. Maxwell?" John Maxwell started. The question was plainly unexpected.

"Why—nothing, my boy; nothing that isn't going to come out all right—I know it will come right now you've got back. You see—"

"Don't beat about the bush, Mr. Has something happened to Gay?"

"No—not that is—well, you have a little daughter, Nick—born too soon, but Bennett says she's coming along finely. We're not worrying about her; but Gay—she's been under a terrible strain, and when the message came—we don't know how because it wasn't opened—but she got the idea that the news was bad. She fainted. When she came to she was delirious. She's been so ever since."

Nick's face grew slowly white.

"You don't mean—you're not trying to tell me that—that she's lost her mind?"

"No, we don't say that. She knows the children. Dr. Bennett took them in yesterday to test her. But she babbles on continually about you. She evidently kept things to herself too much on the baby's account, and is paying for it now. She's had horrible visions of what was happening to you. They haunt her. When we tell her you're safe she—well, it's pitiful. She thinks we're deceiving her and begs us not to. Bennett was going to meet you and explain it all better than I can; but he was called on an emergency case and had to go. You're our one big hope, Nick. The sight of you may blow away the cobwebs, if she knows you."

"You mean—she may not know me?"

for SPRAINS

Put you on your feet!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. O. 1904

John Maxwell's hand closed on Nick's and gripped it hard.

"There's that possibility, of course; but she knew the children. Buck up, boy. I'm sure she'll know you! She loves you so dearly, Nick. How can she help?"

He took out a handkerchief and blew his nose. Nick said, his voice husky: "Where are the kiddies?"

"Mary's got 'em. Had 'em ever since Gay was taken sick. Jane's at your house doing the cooking. That girl Sim Bartlett hired is laid up, just when they need her most. Julie Nipps is helping out, too. Mary's been keeping little Martha daytimes, so she'd be free. We'd have had the boys here to welcome you, but we didn't want them to hear about their mother. You see, Nick, Gay's tried so hard to keep them happy—not to tell them guess that you might not be coming back at all, that we felt we mustn't undo her work. They're happy as the day is long, and proud as Punch of their little sister. If you'd an idea you were today wild horses couldn't herd them kept them away from the train. Here we are. There's old Bartlett. He's been a wonder."

As Nick walked up the wide, brick path beside John Maxwell, he felt dazed, and unsteady on his feet. It was all so ludicrously different from what he'd planned. Uncle Sam, an obviously aged Uncle Sim, and with the same kindly light in his blue eyes, gripped his hand, patted his shoulder, and said, knowing it was the one thing Nick would care to hear:

"She's sleepin', boy. Havin' a real good nap. The doctor just called up and said you was to go in and set beside her till she wakes. He thinks maybe the sight of you after a good sleep will be just what she needs. The baby's a girl, Nick. Gay'll be real happy when she knows it. Now" (the old man's voice trembled), "now she don't seem rightly to understand."

Nick dropped his suitcase and sat down on the arm of a porch chair. He felt vaguely, that he couldn't stand up. His throat burned.

"Could—could I have a drink of water?"

"I'll get it,"

John Maxwell had spoken. She returned in a moment with an ice-cold drink, and laid an affectionate hand on Nick's arm.

"Don't worry too much, Nick. She'll be all right now you've got home. I just know it. She's been so wonderfully brave that she couldn't stand it a minute longer; but everything will be all right now."

"You always were an optimist," said Nick. He tried to smile, but the attempt was painful. "May I go up now, Jane?"

She nodded, and led the way. As they reached the threshold of the familiar room, Nick paused, breathing deeply. The shades were lowered and for a moment he could not see, but he felt that a nurse who had been seated by the bed, arose, and with a whispered word to Jane, went downstairs. Dr. Bennett had given her his orders.

Nick felt curiously dazed and numb. Jane saw it, and slipping a kind hand in his, drew him toward a chair beside the bed.

He was alone then—alone with Gay. He leaned closer though his eyes had already become accustomed to the dimness. She lay on her side, facing him, her breast rising and falling gently as she slept. There was a soft little curl lying against her forehead. Nick remembered seeing it the day he went away—that foggy, cold day that seemed a century ago.

"Dearest!" he said.

Not to save his soul could he have kept back the word. Gay moved, turned her head a little, and threw out a slender arm. She did not wake, but the outstretched hand seemed an unconscious welcome, and Nick took it tenderly in his. She did not stir. He pressed his lips against it, feeling the roughened finger-tips that told of homely tasks done lovingly for those she loved.

Love! How unattending had she been of it, he thought—how generous and understanding when the lure of the road had made him an uneasy housemate. Freedom! It seemed incredible that he had ever chafed for it, having Gay. It came to him dully as he looked down upon her, that unless she knew him when she awakened, there would be no freedom for him, ever again.

But she would know him! Surely he could find some way to prove himself. Of course she would know him! Hope

stirred within his heart as he sat there watching her quiet breathing. A clock in the room below chimed faintly. The scent of some blossoming shrub came through the open window. The grain stirred in the breeze. A paper fluttered to the floor; and at its sound Gay moved.

Slowly her eyes opened, and, meeting them, Nick's heart contracted in sudden fear. They were Gay's eyes of course—Gay's beautiful eyes; and yet—something was gone!

For a moment no words would come; then: "Gay," he said gently, "darling . . ."

She covered the eyes quickly with her hands.

"Why do you speak?" she pleaded. "You have come before, but you have never spoken. Don't speak. It is only cruel. You see—I mustn't cry until my baby comes; and when I see you—you are so like Nick—I—I can't keep back the tears."

Who did she think he was? It was unbelievable! For a moment the room went black; but Nick came up fighting. She should know him! He would not let her suffer such agony of spirit. There was some way . . . Surely he would find the way. . . .

He reached for the hands that were covering those strange, unmarred eyes, and held them fast.

"You have been dreaming, dearest," he said quietly, and wondered that his voice should be so steady. "You have been dreaming a long, long time; but now you are waking. It was only a nightmare, Gay. I'm here to comfort you. I am safe. Now do you understand?"

She looked at him, pitifully confused.

"Have I been sick?"

He was stroking her arm gently, the way she loved.

"You have been very sick. Our little girl was born. Don't you remember? But it's all right now, dear. Everything that you wanted has come to hand."

A sob trembled on her lips. Her eyes filled. She seemed to be looking beyond him, out of the window and into the branches of the maple. He was forgotten.

"A little girl! Nick wanted a little girl; but—but she has come—too late."

Despair dimmed Nick's heart. She looked so frail—almost, unearthly; and those eyes—they were not Gay's eyes.

"Dear, don't you believe me?—Don't you know me?" he pleaded desperately.

She tried to smile, as if to not hurt him.

(To Be Continued.)

No More Asthma. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy shows the death knell of this trying trouble. It stops the awful choking and painful breathing. It guards against night attacks and gives renewed ability to sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is claimed for this remedy, but nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from asthma try it and convince yourself of its great value.

What She Needed

A neighbour called on Mrs. C. only to find Mr. C. warming himself by the kitchen stove while Mrs. C. was out getting in the cows.

"You see," he explained, "we was both sawing wood when I noticed the cows had got away and I let Mary go after them. I thought a brisk walk in the cold air might do her good. She seemed to be getting kinder wild and peaked at the wood sawing."

A York, S. C., dairyman says his cows give more milk when milked to a banjo accompaniment. But we understand it requires years of practice to play a banjo while milking a cow.

**CORN'S
LIFT OFF**
Pain Stops!

An amazing remedy—acts in a few seconds and causes no pain. The corn shrivels up and loosens. Another application of the two and the corn drops out. Wonderful! It is just what you need. Putnam's Corn Extractor works. You can buy Putnam's Corn Extractor from any druggist for 25c.

PUTNAM'S



**ENO'S
"FRUIT SALT"**

**Doctors Warn
Against
Drastic
Purgatives**

Physicians know the danger of using cheap cathartics that create a harsh, unnatural intestinal activity. They know that ENO'S "Fruit Salt" is more than a laxative. It is a delicious health beverage that sweetens and tones up the entire system—and that its daily use—just a dash in a glass of water, every morning—is an aid to vigorous good health.

Age Of Electricity

Predicted That Next Fifty Years Will Witness Great Development

Claiming that the world had not yet properly adjusted itself to the ideals and needs of the new machine age, C. E. Skinner, Esq. Pittsburgh, president of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and assistant director of engineering of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, spoke before the Saskatchewan branch of the Institute. Mr. Skinner is on his first official visit to Canada.

Norman Bubola, vice-president of the Saskatchewan branch, who presided, welcomed Mr. Skinner on behalf of the branch, and Hon. J. A. McCreary, Minister of Labor and Industries, welcomed him on behalf of the provincial government.

The Institute, said Mr. Skinner, faced a difficult year. The electrical industry was little more than half a century old, yet in those 50 years it had accomplished more and wrought more changes than any other discovery had in 1,000 years. The coming fifty years would see even more changes in which electricity would play a prominent part.

THE RHYMING
OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaels

IN ABSENCE

As a robed dancer of sunlight,
As a lark desires the dawn,
So do my fond thoughts ring
With you, who now are gone.

Each trick of look or laughter
That made the hours gay,
Comes back like drifting perfume
The while you are away.

In days when I went clasping
Your hand within my own
The thought of you was not more
near
Than now, that you have flown.

But with the morn returning
The lark will sing anew,
And I will thrill to music on
The day that brings me you!

Women Homesteaders

331 Alberta Women Filed On Homesteads In July

Homestead entries were made by 331 women of Alberta during the month of July with the coming into effect of new legislation allowing women to file on land.

During the month a total of 1,114 homestead entries were filed, a large proportion of which were farmers from southern Alberta drought areas, settling in the south. Nearly one-half of the women who filed on land were unmarried.

Know This Fact

"Children," says the United States Children's Bureau, "should not be taught to be little misers. A savings bank into which pennies disappear never to be used has relatively little training value." In other words, there is a time to feed Bunnys—and a time to shake him. Little misers do not need adult guidance; but the Children's Bureau is mistaken if it thinks they haven't found out that Bunny Bank works both ways.

Little Helps For This Week

"Perfect love casteth out fear."—1 John IV. 18.

Ah, soul! look upwards trusting, kiss the rod.
And know there is no might have been with God.

From Him, whenever lowly we draw near.
We learn of love that casteth out all fear.

We find a faith that in oblivion's sea,
Whimsies every dread and doubt eternally.

To love our neighbour is a great help to that perfect love of God which casteth out all fear. Nothing but the love of God will make you love your neighbours aright; and the Spirit of God, which alone gives weight for any good, will by these loves—which are life—strengthen you at last to believe in the light, even in the midst of darkness.—George MacDonald.

Soft corners and warms are ugly, painful and irritating. Remove them quickly and surely with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

Discover New Islands

Soviet Icebreaker Finds Unrecorded Islands In Far North

Despatches from the Soviet icebreaker "Malgaita," reported the discovery August 7 of four hitherto unrecorded islands in the far north region of the Franz Josef Archipelago.

Southwest of Karl Alexander Island the exploring vessel charted three unknown islands at 81.12 north latitude, 30.55 east longitude. The fourth is described as a small, hilly bit of land in the Straits of Baxa. They would be formally named in the name of Soviet Russia in the near future by the Arctic Institute, which will name them.

Neighbor Suggested Compound

"It took away the Pain"

"I HAVE been married for ten years. I had one child who would be seven years old now if he had lived.

"My husband and I see both very fond of children. A neighbor told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I have been taking it for about two months.

"It took away the pain I used to suffer and I am getting well and strong."

This medicine is helping Mrs. Kenneth Cooper of 9 Division St., Halifax, N.S. It will help you too. Won't you buy a bottle?

**Lydia E. Pinkham's
VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

Jacob Miller Has Leg Broken

Jacob Miller, a prominent farmer of Wembley district, formerly a merchant in Stony Plain town, was saved from being gored to death by a bull on Friday last when his son Jackie jabbed the animal with a pitchfork and held it at bay until his father could escape.

The bull had broken loose in the barn and had attacked Mr Miller when he entered the building. The injured man was rushed to the hospital at Grand Prairie, where it was found his left leg was broken and that he was suffering from severe bruises.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

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STONY PLAIN.

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Cor. 95 St. & 118 Av., Edmonton.
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays, all day

For Sale—A Snap, a late model 10-20 Fordson, in first class shape, with pulley, governor and fenders; price \$225. J. J. Helium, Duffield, 68

GLYCERIN MIX REMOVES CAUSE OF STOMACH GAS

Simple glycerin, buckthorn bark, saline, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, acts on BOTH upper and lower bowels, removing poisons you never thought were there and which caused gas and other stomach trouble. Just ONE spoonful relieves GAS, sour stomach, sick headache and constipation. Don't take medicine which cleans only PART of bowels, but let Adlerika give you a REAL cleaning and see how good you feel! It will surprise you! J. F. CLARKE, Drugist.

The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities).

Sale and Redemption of Impounded Animals (Sec. 48.)

Notice is hereby given under section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that 1 Bay Mare, weight 1000 pounds, about 7 years old, white face, all white feet, and no visible brand, was impounded in the pound kept by Scott Bell, located on the Northeast 3-52-3w5, on Saturday, the 8th day of August A.D. 1931; and that the said animal was sold on the 19th day of August, A.D. 1931, to Mr. A. Wagner, of Duffield; and that the said animal may be redeemed by the owner or his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in the Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the Municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

E. H. PIDGEON,
Sec. Treas. of the Municipality of Inga No. 520.
Post Office, Stony Plain.

See Geo. Oppertshausser for Your Insurance.

I represent the Wawanesa Mutual Fire Insurance Co., the Hartford Fire Insurance Co., and Fidelity Auto Insurance Co.

Saws Sharpened.

Have your Hand Saws attended to by John Metzler. Leave them at Woods' Butcher Shop. 66

Duffield Tax Appeal.

His Honor Judge Crawford on Monday handed down judgment in the case of the Duffield School tax appeal. Some time ago certain residents of Duffield appealed against the assessment on the ground that in some cases the assessments were too high, and on the ground that the whole assessment was wrong, as it failed to include personal property and stock in trade. His Honor, after obtaining written arguments from counsel, granted the appeal, altered certain valuations, and ordered that personal property and stock in trade be assessed. George J. Bryan appeared for the appellants, and Hugh J. McDonald for the school district.

Concert at Carvel.

The posters are out for the largest Ukrainian concert in the history of Carvel district. The affair will be held on the evening of Saturday next, the 29th of August, in Ukrainian Hall, on Carvel road, a half mile north of Jasper Highway; commencing at 8:30 sharp.

Over 50 persons will take part; the program consisting of songs, dances and other amusements. There will be an Edmonton orchestra in attendance.

Everybody welcome! Admission: Adults 35c; children 20c.

Debt Adjustment.

The personnel in connection with the administration of the Debt Adjustment Act will be increased and strengthened to the degree necessary to deal with the enlarged number of cases being referred to Debt Adjustment bureau.

The Alberta Government is seriously considering placing agents at convenient points throughout the province, to make it possible for those who desire the services of the Bureau to serve them with the minimum of difficulty.

As a preliminary to action by the Bureau, those who desire to come under the Act may obtain forms on application to Debt Adjustment Bureau, Edmonton.

The Five Cent Bonus.

The method of paying the 5c bonus on wheat will be by separate checks issued by the elevator company receiving cash wheat deliveries, drawn upon the Dominion Govt. on check forms provided by the Grain Board. The bonus will only apply to the growth of 1931 delivered within the current crop year, Aug. 1, 1931, to July 31, 1932. Checks will be payable at par at all banks.

Farmers will be required to complete growers' affidavits stating the quarter section on which the wheat was grown, and to declare that it is the crop of 1931.

Heard at Golf Links.

"Really, I can't play golf," the sweet young thing said. "I don't even know how to hold the caddy."

Railway Time Table

Going East—Every morning at 6:23. Mon. Wed & Fri. morning at 7:01.

Going West—Tues., Thurs. and Sat. nights at 10:30. Every mid-night at 24:13.

Will Pay the Thresh Bill.

Not many years ago a mutter of 5c a bu. on or off the price of wheat was not a vital consideration to the grower. It may not now make the difference between a profitable crop and an unprofitable one. But the bonus will pay the thresh bill, according to rates now reported to be common. This will be a substantial reduction in the grower's production cost.

Regina Grain Fair, 1932.

Encouragement to farmers to make entry in the competitive classes of the coming World's Grain Exhibition & Conference at Regina next year is one of the main efforts of the seed branch of British Columbia Dept. of Agriculture.

The Peace River Block is concentrating on hard red spring wheat and peas; in the interior of B.C. on alfalfa and fall wheat; in Central B.C. grass seed; Fraser Valley, clover, mangels, peas; on Vancouver Island, it's vegetable seed.

The Government of B.C. has given valuable assistance to prospective exhibitors by importing elite seed and making it available to them. The best seed obtainable was secured, and apart altogether from encouraging producers to prepare for the 1932 Regina Fair, the department feels it has developed an interest in good seed.

Open Seasons for Game

Following are open seasons for game—
Ducks and Geese—Sept 15 to Nov 14th.
Hungarian Partridge—Oct 1 to Nov 15.
Prairie Chicken—Oct. 1-15.
Pheasants—No open season.
Deer—Nov 1 to Dec 14.
Otter, Nov. 1 to May 1.
Beaver, No Open Season.
Muskrat—Between North Sask. River and Tp. 91, March 15 to April 30.

Game Licenses can be had at Sun Office, where copies of the Game Act can be seen.

Church Services.

United Church service every Sunday Evg. at 7:30.

There will be Gospel services every Sunday at 7:30 p.m. at Muir Lake Community Hall.

On Sunday, Sept. 20, English Lutheran service at St. Matthew Schoolhouse at 7:30 p.m., by Rev. H. Kuring.

Card of Thanks.

Mr and Mrs R. Breitkreutz wish to thank all the neighbors and friends for their expressions of sympathy on the occasion of the death of their infant child.

A Different Story.

We hear some of the farmers complaining about being unable to buy twine this fall for harvest. In other years we have heard them complaining about having nothing to use twine on.—Hughenden Record.

Schedule of Mails.

From the East—Every night except Sunday.

From West—Mon., Wed. & Friday morning.

To the East—Every morning except Tuesday.

To West—Tues., Thurs. and Sat. night.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

The successful experience of this Farmer-owned Company in handling grain for farmers now covers a quarter of a century.

You are sure of GOOD SERVICE and ABSOLUTE SECURITY when you deliver your grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

ELEVATOR AT GAINFORD.

A Good Road and CHEVROLET

for real pleasure

Where you find an automobile, there you find a

NEW CHEVROLET SIX

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Agents for Chevrolet and Oldsmobile Cars.
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W. V. NEWSON,
Deputy Prov. Treasurer.

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Friday "CANADA ON PARADE"

GUEST ARTIST
Celebrated French Vocalist
M. LOUISE MURY
GENERAL MOTORS CONCERT ORCHESTRA
under Dr. Ernest MacMillan and Mr. Reginald Stewart
G. M. CAPETS
Soprano of Grand Orchestra under Louis Roussell
THE "LITTLE THEATRE" PLAYERS
in "The Bachelor Riches"
ALL-CANADIAN SINGERS
under Dr. Henry Wilson, with Edith Gray and Laurence Dixon
THE BYTOWN TROUBADOURS
GRAND FINALE
Orchestra and Vocalists
"The Angels' Chorus"

TUNE IN

9-10 p.m.

CJCL—Sydney
CFBY—Columbia
CFNB—Fredericton
CFBO—St. John
CHRC—Quebec
CKAC—Montreal
CNRO—Ottawa
CFCO—Prescott
CKCW—Toronto
CKOC—Hamilton
CJGG—London
CJCH—North Bay
CKPR—St. William
CKCK—Regina
CJCA—Edmonton
CKLC—Calgary
CNRY—Vancouver
CFOT—Victoria
6-7 p.m.
CKY—Winnipeg
CKK—Brandon
CJGK—Yorke
CJRW—Winnipeg
10-11 p.m.
CHNS—Halifax
CFQC—Saskatoon
11-12 p.m.
WJL—Detroit

ACROSS the Dominion sweeps a wave of national enthusiasm. Canadians are striving forward on the rising tide of a fresh prosperity. General Motors of Canada, Limited, pays tribute to the "Forward Canada" Movement with "Canada on Parade," a radio hour every Friday evening, typifying the spirit of Canada's progress.

Listen for "Canada on Parade," the catchy signature song of the series. Buy the sheet music at your music store, or write to your favorite radio station for an introductory free copy.

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